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CLAIMS:

(amended August 24, 1999)

- 1. A eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase having the sequence according to SEQ. ID. NO. 12 and variants of said eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase of SEQ. ID. NO. 1 or SEQ. ID. NO. 2 which correspond to eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase in terms of biological and/or impringlogical activity.
- 2. A eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase, characterized by being a C-terminally or N-terminally truncated variant:
- A nucleic acid coding for the eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase according to claim 1 or 2.
- 4. The nucleic acid according to claim 3 having the sequence according to SEQ. ID. NO. 3 or SEQ. ID. NO. 4.
- 5. The nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 4, characterized by being DNA, RNA, PNA or nuclease-resistant analogues thereof, mRNA, cDNA or genomic DNA.
- 6. The nucleic acids according to claim 5, characterized by being the gene for eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase which contains noncoding regions (introns) in addition to coding regions (exons), especially a gene having the sequence according to SEQ. ID. NO. 5 or SEQ. ID. NO. 6.
- 7. A nucleic acid, characterized by being complementary to the nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 6.
- 8. The nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 7, characterized by being derivatives, fragments with more than six nucleotides or variants of such nucleic acids.

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Antibodies, characterized by being directed against the eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase according to any of claims 1 or 2 or a nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 8.

- 10. A cell line, characterized by overexpressing the neutral sphingomyelinase according to claim 1 er-2.
- 11. The cell line according to claim 10, characterized by being a cell line which expresses eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase and is based on the cell lines U937, HEK 293 or Jurkat.
- 12. A transgenic mammal exhibiting overexpression (gain of function) or a genetic deficiency or defect (loss of function) for eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase according to claim 1 or 2.
- 13. The transgenic mammal according to claim 12, characterized by being a rodent.
- 14. A medicament containing the eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase according to any of claims 1 or 2, a nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 8, and/or an antibody according to claim 9, together with further auxiliary agents.

A diagnostic agent containing the eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase according to any of claims 1 or 2, a nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 8, and/or an antibody according to claim 9, together with further auxiliary agents.

- 16. Use of the medicaments according to claim 14 or the diagnostic agents according to claim 15 for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases based on over- or underexpression and/or an increased or reduced activity of eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase and/or disorders of cell proliferation, cell differentiation and/or apoptosis.
- 17. The use according to claim 16, characterized in that said diseases are inflammation processes, cell growth disorders, cancers and/or meta-

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bolic disorders, such as disorders of cholesterol homeostasis (atherosclerosis).

- 18. A method for the screening of active substances, characterized in that a change in expression or activity of the eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase is measured in cell lines according to claim 10 upon the addition of at least one potential pharmaceutically active substance.
- Use of the cell line according to claim 10 for developing and testing 19. pharmaceutical leading structures.
- 20. A process for the preparation of the eukaryotic neutral sphingomyelinase according to any of claims 1 or 2 by chemical peptide synthesis or by expression in genetically engineered organisms, especially in eukaryotic expression systems.

() 21. A process for the preparation of a nucleic acid according to at least one of claims 3 to 8 by chemical synthesis or by amplification in genetically engineered organisms.